## **SENATE BILL No. 210**

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 6-3-1-3.5; IC 6-3.1-31.

**Synopsis:** Health benefit plan credit. Allows an employer to take a tax credit for making a health benefit plan available to the employer's employees for the first two taxable years that the employer makes the health benefit plan available.

Effective: January 1, 2008.

## **Dillon**

January 8, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.



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#### First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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## **SENATE BILL No. 210**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2006,
SECTION 3, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.162-2006, SECTION 24,
IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this article,
the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:

- (a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as follows:
  - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
  - (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of the United States.
  - (3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse one thousand dollars (\$1,000).



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1	(4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:	
2	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the	
3	Internal Revenue Code;	
4	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of	
5	the Internal Revenue Code; and	
6	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by	
7	the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which	
8	the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income	
9	and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.	
.0	(5) Subtract:	
1	(A) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, one	
2	thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the	
.3	exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal	
4	Revenue Code for taxable years beginning after December 31,	
.5	1996 (as effective January 1, 2004); and	
.6	(B) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount	
.7	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code	
. 8	if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer	
9	and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less	
20	than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).	
21	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under	
22	subdivision (4).	
23	(6) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:	
24	(A) that part of the individual's adjusted gross income (as	
2.5	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code) for that	
26	taxable year that is subject to a tax that is imposed by a	
27	political subdivision of another state and that is imposed on or	
28	measured by income; or	
29	(B) two thousand dollars (\$2,000).	
0	(7) Add an amount equal to the total capital gain portion of a	
31	lump sum distribution (as defined in Section 402(e)(4)(D) of the	
32	Internal Revenue Code) if the lump sum distribution is received	
33	by the individual during the taxable year and if the capital gain	
34	portion of the distribution is taxed in the manner provided in	
55	Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
66	(8) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross	
37	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a	
8	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction	
39	from adjusted gross income.	
10	(9) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross	
1	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were	
12	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement	



1	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under
2	subdivision (1).
3	(10) Add an amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section
4	221 of the Internal Revenue Code for married couples filing joint
5	returns if the taxable year began before January 1, 1987.
6	(11) Add an amount equal to the interest excluded from federal
7	gross income by the individual for the taxable year under Section
8	128 of the Internal Revenue Code if the taxable year began before
9	January 1, 1985.
10	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
11	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
12	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
13	(13) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer
14	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
15	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
16	to subdivisions (3), (4), (5), and (6) shall be reduced to an amount
17	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income
18	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
19	(14) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
20	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
21	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
22	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
23	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
24	local income taxes.
25	(15) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of
26	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
27	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
28	(16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999,
29	subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums paid
30	during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long term
31	care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer or the
32	taxpayer's spouse, or both.
33	(17) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
34	(A) for a taxable year:
35	(i) including any part of 2004, the amount determined under
36	subsection (f); and
37	(ii) beginning after December 31, 2004, two thousand five
38	hundred dollars (\$2,500); or
39	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
40	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
41	principal place of residence.
42	(18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
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1	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's	
2	federal adjusted gross income.	
3	(19) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
4	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
5	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
6	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
7	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
8	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	
9	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	
10	service.	
11	(20) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under	
12	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
13	(21) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
14	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
15	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	
16	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	
17	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
18	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
19	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
20	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
21	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
22	dollars (\$25,000).	
23	(22) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed	
24	as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable	
25	year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
26	income tax purposes.	
27	(23) In the case of an individual who is employed by a	
28	taxpayer that claims a credit under IC 6-3.1-31-9, add the	
29	amount of the individual's eligible benefits as provided in	
30	IC 6-3.1-31-15(a).	
31	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as	
32	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as	
33	follows:	
34	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article	
35	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
36	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed	
37	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue	
38	Code.	
39	(3) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed	
40	or allowable pursuant to Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code	
41	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state	

level by any state of the United States.



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1	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
2	corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
3	Revenue Code.	
4 5	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
6	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
7	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
8	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made	
9	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	
10	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	
11	service.	
12	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	•
13	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
14	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
15	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
16	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	4
17	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	
18	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	·
19	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
20	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
21	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
22	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
23	dollars (\$25,000).	
24	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as	•
25	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	
26	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
27	income tax purposes.	
28	(9) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20 the amount of	,
29	intangible expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) and any directly	
30	related intangible interest expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20)	
31	for the taxable year that reduced the corporation's taxable	
32	income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code)	
33	for federal income tax purposes.	
34	(c) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section	
35	816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana	
36	law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined	
37	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:	
38	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article	
39	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
40	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable	
41	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.	

(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable



1	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code	
2	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state	
3	level by any state.	
4	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
5	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
6	Revenue Code.	
7	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
8	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
9	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
10	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
11	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
12	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	
13	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	
14	service.	
15	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
16	172 or Section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
17	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
18	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
19	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	
20	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	
21	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
22	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
23	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
24	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
25	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
26	dollars (\$25,000).	
27	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as	,
28	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	
29	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
30	income tax purposes.	
31	(d) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section	
32	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the	
33	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal	
34	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:	
35	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article	
36	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
37	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable	
38	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
39	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable	
40	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code	
41	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state	



level by any state.

1	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
2	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
3	Revenue Code.
4	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
5	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
6	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
7	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
8	that would have been computed had an election not been made
9	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
10	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
11	service.
12	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
13	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
14	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
15	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
16	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
17	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
18	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
19	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
20	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
21	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
22	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
23	dollars (\$25,000).
24	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
25	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
26	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
27	income tax purposes.
28	(e) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for
29	trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code)
30	adjusted as follows:
31	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
32	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
33	(2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
34	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal
35	adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September
36	11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim
37	of the September 11 terrorist attack.
38	(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
39	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
40	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
41	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income

that would have been computed had an election not been made



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1	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
2	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
3	service.
4	(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
5	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
6	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
7	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
8	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
9	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
10	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
11	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
12	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
13	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
14	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
15	dollars (\$25,000).
16	(6) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
17	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
18	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
19	income tax purposes.
20	(f) This subsection applies only to the extent that an individual paid
21	property taxes in 2004 that were imposed for the March 1, 2002,
22	assessment date or the January 15, 2003, assessment date. The
23	maximum amount of the deduction under subsection (a)(17) is equal
24	to the amount determined under STEP FIVE of the following formula:
25	STEP ONE: Determine the amount of property taxes that the
26	taxpayer paid after December 31, 2003, in the taxable year for
27	property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2002, assessment date
28	and the January 15, 2003, assessment date.
29	STEP TWO: Determine the amount of property taxes that the
30	taxpayer paid in the taxable year for the March 1, 2003,
31	assessment date and the January 15, 2004, assessment date.
32	STEP THREE: Determine the result of the STEP ONE amount
33	divided by the STEP TWO amount.
34	STEP FOUR: Multiply the STEP THREE amount by two
35	thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
36	STEP FIVE: Determine the sum of the STEP FOUR amount and
37	two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
38	SECTION 2. IC 6-3.1-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
39	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JANUARY 1, 2008]:
41	Chapter 31. Credit for Offering Health Benefit Plans
42	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to an employer that does not offer



1	coverage for health care services under a self-funded health benefit
2	plan that complies with the federal Employee Retirement Income
3	Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).
4	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "eligible benefits" means, with
5	respect to an employee of a taxpayer that claims a credit under
6	section 9 of this chapter, the total amount of health insurance
7	premiums not included in the employee's federal adjusted gross
8	income (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code)
9	during a taxable year under the health benefit plan offered by the
0	employer.
1	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "eligible taxpayer" means a
2	taxpayer that did not provide health insurance to the taxpayer's
3	employees in the taxable year immediately preceding the first
4	taxable year for which the taxpayer claims a credit under this
.5	chapter.
6	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "full-time employee" means an
.7	employee who is normally scheduled to work at least thirty (30)
8	hours each week.
9	Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "health benefit plan" means
20	coverage for health care services provided under:
21	(1) an insurance policy that provides one (1) or more of the
22	types of insurance described in Class 1(b) or Class 2(a) of
23	IC 27-1-5-1; or
24	(2) a contract with a health maintenance organization for
2.5	coverage of basic health care services under IC 27-13;
26	that satisfies the requirements of Section 125 of the Internal
27	Revenue Code.
28	(b) The term does not include the following:
29	(1) Accident only, credit, dental, vision, Medicare supplement,
30	long term care, or disability income insurance.
1	(2) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance.
32	(3) Automobile medical payment insurance.
33	(4) A specified disease policy issued as an individual policy.
34	(5) A limited benefit health insurance policy issued as an
35	individual policy.
66	(6) A short term insurance plan that:
37	(A) may not be renewed; and
8	(B) has a duration of not more than six (6) months.
9	(7) A policy that provides a stipulated daily, weekly, or
10	monthly payment to an insured during hospital confinement,
1	without regard to the actual expense of the confinement.
12	(8) Worker's compensation or similar insurance.



1	(9) A student health insurance policy.	
2	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "pass through entity" means a:	
3	(1) corporation that is exempt from the adjusted gross income	
4	tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(2);	
5	(2) partnership;	
6	(3) limited liability company; or	
7	(4) limited liability partnership.	
8	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "state tax liability" means a	
9	taxpayer's total tax liability that is incurred under:	
10	(1) IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 (adjusted gross income tax);	
11	(2) IC 6-5.5 (financial institutions tax); and	
12	(3) IC 27-1-18-2 (insurance premiums tax);	
13	as computed after the application of the credits that under	
14	IC 6-3.1-1-2 are to be applied before the credit provided by this	
15	chapter.	
16	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "taxpayer" means an individual	
17	or entity that has state tax liability.	
18	Sec. 9. (a) An eligible taxpayer that, after December 31, 2007,	
19	makes health insurance available to the eligible taxpayer's	
20	employees and their dependents through at least one (1) health	
21	benefit plan is entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's state tax	
22	liability for the first two (2) taxable years in which the taxpayer	
23	makes the health benefit plan available if the following	
24	requirements are met:	
25	(1) An employee's participation in the health benefit plan is at	
26	the employee's election.	
27	(2) If an employee chooses to participate in the health benefit	
28	plan, the employee may pay the employee's share of the cost	V
29	of the plan using a wage assignment authorized under	J
30	IC 22-2-6-2.	
31	(b) The credit allowed under this chapter equals the lesser of:	
32	(1) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or	
33	(2) fifty dollars (\$50) multiplied by the number of employees	
34	enrolled in the health benefit plan during the taxable year.	
35	Sec. 10. (a) An employer may pay or provide reimbursement for	
36	all or part of the cost of a health benefit plan made available under	
37	section 9 of this chapter.	
38	(b) An employer that pays or provides reimbursement under	
39	subsection (a) shall pay or provide reimbursement on an equal	
40	basis for all full-time employees who elect to participate in the	
41	health benefit plan.	
12	Sec. 11. (a) If the amount determined under section 9 of this	



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1	chapter for a taxpayer in a taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's
2	state tax liability for that taxable year, the taxpayer may carry the
3	excess over to the following taxable years. The amount of the credit
4	carryover from a taxable year shall be reduced to the extent that
5	the carryover is used by the taxpayer to obtain a credit under this
6	chapter for any subsequent taxable year. A taxpayer is not entitled
7	to a carryback.
8	(b) A taxpayer is not entitled to a refund of any unused credit.
9	Sec. 12. If a pass through entity does not have state income tax
10	liability against which the tax credit may be applied, a shareholder
11	or partner of the pass through entity is entitled to a tax credit equal
12	to:
13	(1) the tax credit determined for the pass through entity for
14	the taxable year; multiplied by
15	(2) the percentage of the pass through entity's distributive
16	income to which the shareholder or partner is entitled.
17	Sec. 13. To receive the credit provided by this chapter, a
18	taxpayer must claim the credit on the taxpayer's state tax return
19	or returns in the manner prescribed by the department. The
20	taxpayer must submit to the department all information that the
21	department determines is necessary to calculate the credit
22	provided by this chapter and to determine the taxpayer's eligibility
23	for the credit.
24	Sec. 14. (a) A taxpayer claiming a credit under this chapter shall
25	continue to make health insurance available to the taxpayer's
26	employees through a health benefit plan for at least twenty-four
27	(24) consecutive months beginning on the day after the last day of
28	the taxable year in which the taxpayer first offers the health benefit
29	plan.
30	(b) If the taxpayer terminates the health benefit plan before the
31	expiration of the period required under subsection (a), the
32	taxpayer shall repay the department the amount of the credit
33	received under section 9 of this chapter.
34	Sec. 15. (a) An employee of a taxpayer that claims a credit under
35	this chapter shall include in the employee's state adjusted gross
36	income (as defined in IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)) the employee's eligible
37	benefits for:
38	(1) the first taxable year in which the taxpayer offers the
39	health benefit plan; and
40	(2) the taxable year immediately following the first taxable

year in which the taxpayer offers the health benefit plan.

An employee's eligible benefits are not included in the employee's



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(b) A taxpayer that claims a credit under this chapter shall notify each of the taxpayer's employees of the amount included in the employee's state adjusted gross income (as defined in IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)) under subsection (a) at the same time the taxpayer	l I
provides the employee with the employee's W-2 federal income tax	
withholding statement for the taxable year. SECTION 3. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2008] IC 6-3-1-3.5, as	S
amended by this act, and IC 6-3.1-31, as added by this act, apply	
only to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007.	

